



VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYAPEETH SHAKTI UTTHAN AASHRAM LAKHISARAI

CLASS-10TH

(BASED ON N C E R T PATTERN) REVISION

DATE:- 11.07.21.

ECONOMICS

Sectors of the Indian Economy

Q1: Compare the employment conditions prevailing in the organised and unorganised sectors.

Answer:

The employment conditions prevailing in the organised and unorganised sectors are vastly different. The organised sector has companies registered with the government and hence, it offers job security, paid holidays, pensions, health and other benefits, fixed working hours and extra pay for overtime work. On the other hand, the unorganised sector is a host of opposites. There is no job security, no paid holidays or pensions on retirement, no benefits of provident fund or health insurance, unfixed working hours and no guarantee of safe work environment.

Q2: Explain the objective of implementing the NREGA 2005.

Answer:

- The objective of implementing the NREGA 2005 i.e., National Rural Employment Guarantee Act 2005 is to implement the right to work.
- The Act has to be implemented in 200 districts.
- Under this Act, all those who are able to, and are in need of work have been guaranteed 100 days of employment in a year by the government.
- If the government fails in its duty to provide employment, it will give unemployment allowance to the people.
- The types of work that would in future help to increase the production

from land will be given preference under this Act.

Q3: Using examples from your area compare and contrast the activities and functions of private and public sectors.

Answer:

The activities and functions of private and public sectors in our area may be compared as mentioned below :

Private Sector	Public Sector
(1) The vegetable shops, grocery shops, sweet shops etc. are in private sector.	(1) Mother Dairy booths which sell vegetables, fruits, milk and milk products are in public sector.
(2) These are owned by private individuals.	(2) These are owned by public sector undertaking 'Mother Dairy'
(3) Vegetables and other products are generally of good quality.	(3) The vegetables and fruits are generally of average or poor quality.
(4) The rates may be slightly higher	(4) The rates are lower than the market rates.
(5) The companies like Reliance, Tata, Airtel provide telephone and TV services which are of very good standard.	(5) MTNL provides telephone services. There are complaints against their services. On many occasions, telephones remain out of order, but they do not charge for that period.
(6) The shopkeepers provide free home delivery service without any extra-charge.	(6) Mother Dairy or any other public undertaking do not provide free home delivery service.

(7) Private schools provide education of good quality. Their students are well-dressed and disciplined. Their medium of instructions is always English.

(7) The schools run by MCD do not provide quality education. Their students are not well-dressed and disciplined. Their medium of instructions is generally Hindi.

MR ANANT KUMAR